Sanitized - Approved For Release : CIA-RDP82-00803R000300210005-9 The~Son~Also~Lises

More Firms Ban Hiring Of Relatives, but Many Still Ardently Favor It

Son's Presidency at Douglas Stirs Sharp Debate; Bank Sets Curb at Third Cousin

Nepotism or Family Talent?

**CPYRGHT** 

A Wall Street Journal News Rossday
Johnson & Johnson, the medical-supply company, thinks "tif-g just sound employment practice" to avoid any possibility of having jobs
filled on the basis of family favoritism. So, a
spokesman says, it, has long enforced unwritten but strict hiring rules: At the factory and
clerical levels relatives can be employed only
in different divisions or on different shifts.
And at the management level, relatives can't
be employed at all.

But there's one exception. The company's president, 43-year-old Robert W. Johnson, Jr., took office in 1961 under his father, Gen. Robert Wood Johnson, who was then chairman of the board.

the board.

In rather extreme form, this situation mirrors a growing clash of business views on the wisdom of employing relatives—especially as executives. It's unusual, though not unheard of, for a company to be divided against itself on the issue. But the business world is increasingly being spill between companies that companies that either see nothing wrong with it or actively favor it.

The Dirty Word

At the heart of the assument lies a word:

The Dirty Word

At the heart of the argument lies a word:
Nepotism. Dictionaries define it as "favoritism shown to . . . relatives; bestowal of patronage by reason of relationship rather than merit." And nobody defends it, at least not in companies whose stock is available for purchase by the public. But businessmen disagree vehemently on how much it's to be feared.

agree vehemently on how much it's to be feared.

On one side are companies that fear even the suspicion of nepoism. And their number appears to be growing rapidly. In 1985 the American Institute of Management Tournt only 28 of the 379 companies it rated "excellently 18 named to 18 of the 379 companies it rated "excellently 18 named to 18 of the 379 companies it rated two-thirds of 830 companies of the 379 companie

are any Neatures closer than third colusing, and a number of companies insist that if employee marry, one must quit.

Bounding Wires, In-Laws

Bounding against repotism is that we've got

so much of it," says an officer of a South

western oil company. "We're plagued with

relatives working for relatives because of ac
quisitions; when you take over a company

part of the deal usually is to take the present

personnel." The company nevertheices told the

present of the deal usually is to take the present

personnel." The company nevertheices told the

present of the deal usually is to take the present

and the present of the company acquired

An earlier experience prompted the policy

of Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing Co. In

the early 1000 william L. McKnight, then an

accounting clerk, lost a promotion he felt he

and accounting clerk, lost a promotion he felt he

and accounting clerk, lost a promotion he felt he

and accounting the policy of the town of the

Boad same of the present

Today Mr. McKnight is chairman, and under him 3-M has won worldwide renown. It

also has instituted a no-relatives rule that

tone forced tis take president, Richard P. Carl
ton's daughter became engaged to Thomas

Bartal, a 3-M engineer; Mr. Carlon called

Today Mr. Maknight is chairman, and under him 3-M has won worldwide renown. It

But such policies are far from sweeping the

business community. Anyone perusing annual

reports can find socres of publicly owned on

manner and the surface of the size of the surface. Rad Roll Services to take to leave." Mr. Hartel left.

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## The Son Also Rises: Companies Split Sharply on Employment of Relatives

**CPYRGHT** 

1	BI G AI D' G C CI							
	The Son Also Rises: Companies Split							
	Sharply on Employment of Relative							
ı	Continued From First Page came vice president and general manager of	stepped out as executive vice president in Feb- ruary 1963. Clayton Rautbord succeeded him						
	came vice president and general manager of the Southern California division in January at the age of 25. In addition, Cyril Magnin's daughter, Ellen, is a fashion coordinator for the chain and her husband Walter Newman, 42, is vice president for finance and adminis-	stepped out as executive vice president in Feb- ruary 1963. Clayton Rautbord succeeded him and held the post until tapped for the presi- dency two months later by his father Samuel,						
	daughter, Ellen, is a fashion coordinator for the chain and her husband Walter Newman, 42, is vice president for finance and adminis-	who remains company chairman. Finally, those who oppose hiring relatives contend family members sometimes put the						
1	Companies have several defenses for such	contend family members sometimes put the family's interests above the company's inter- ests. "Nepotism is like a dictatorship; it isn't Subject to change if going in the wrong direc-						
	promote family mambage only if these shory	tion," says a Detroit executive. He tells of having worked for a company whose chief						
	more talent than non-family executives. Jo- seph Magnin Co., for instance, vehemently denies any nepotism in the promotion of 25- year-old Jerry Magnin. "Jerry has tre- mendous ability," says his brother-in-law, Vice	ition," says a Detroit executive. He tells of having worked for a company whose chief executive was a son-in-law of the founder and, says his former subordinate, ignored invest- ment for the future to report high profits, and						
	year-old Jerry Magnin. "Jerry has tre- mendous ability," says his brother-in-law, Vice President Newman.	ment for the future to report aign priotis, and pay high dividends, that would please the family. "He wanted to drain out the last dollar so the family would say he was tremendous," says his excassociate. "I would go to discuss future spending plans, and he would say: "I don't give a damm about the next five years. What will it do to us now."						
	"Leaning Over Backwards" Similarly, John H. Bolton, Jr., marketing	so the family would say he was tremendous," says his ex-associate. "I would go to discuss future energing plans, and he would say: "I						
	Similarly, John H. Bolton, Jr., marketing vice president of Whitin Machine Works, Whitinsville, Mass., says his father, former President J. Hugh Bolton, "leaned over backwards	don't give a damn about the next five years. What will it do to us now?'''						
	to avoid any favoritism" when his son started	relatives will concede it hasn't worked out too						
	me any information that I would not normally have received in any position I held." The	well. Sharon Steel Corp. employed as president two sons of its long-time head, Henry A. Roemer. Henry, Jr., served from 1950 to 1955,						
	helped only in that "when I went through the (executive) training program, people were	with his father as chairman, but then quit the company entirely. James Roemer was chair- man and president from 1957 to 1962, with his						
100		company entirely. James Roemer was chair- man and president from 1957 to 1962, with his father as executive committee chairman, but then moved down to vice president for public relations.						
	If family members can make the grade,	"Most Unsatisfactory" Results						
	relationships can be a major executive asset.  Joseph Magnin Co. "isn't the big corporation	"In some places, like Ford Molor Co, such (amily management) arrangements work, and in others they don't," is the simple comment of Henry Roener, St., who has now resigned the post with the company, smarring during the second to the company of the second that the second						
	back to gain advancement," says Mr. New- man, the vice president and Magnin in-law.	comment of Henry Roemer, Sr., who has now resigned all his posts with the company. Sharon's current president. Don W. Frease, is						
	say many companies, the informality of their relationships can be a major executive asset. Joseph Magmin Co. "larn' the big corporation where you atcid a knife in the other fellow's back to gain advancement," says Mr. New- man, the vice president and Magmin In-laws man, the vice president and Magmin In-laws members of the family. There is complete trust among them, and no fear of usurping the other's position."  Marvaled Cun Core, similarly, believes the	more critical. In a report to shareholders last month he termed the company's profits for						
	the other's position."  Maryland Cup Corp., similarly, believes the	month he termed the company's profits for the past six years "most unsatisfactory" and said the poor performance resulted "from the low level of expenditures for modernization						
	Maryland Cup Corp., similarly, bolleves the presence of 12 Shapiros and in-laws among its 14 active directors "makes us very flex-tible." "We don't have to call a policy meeting." to make corporate decisions, explains Albert Shapiro, vice president and treasurer. "We just get on the phone." The Shapiro clain in addition holds a family meeting every couple of months to socialize and talk lusiness. make	low level of expenditures for modernization and improvement of plant facilities during the 12-year period prior to 1962." While shying away from any no-relatives rules some companies, aware of the dangers of family management, have adopted other of family management, have adopted other of tamily members—including Chairman Solon of family members—including Chairman Solon						
	to make corporate decisions, explains Albert Shapiro, vice president and treasurer. "We	rules some companies, aware of the dangers of family management, have adopted other						
	just get on the phone." The Shapiro clan in addition holds a family meeting every couple of months to socialize and talk business, mak-	measures to ward them off. Lykes Bros. Steamship Co. of New Orleans limits salaries of family members—including Chairman Solon						
	ing corporate decisions by majority vote; Al- bert Shapiro says this makes the company "sort of a democracy with 12 dictators."	B. Turman-to \$25,000 a year, though non-re-						
	Born and Bred	insists family members work up from lowly positions; Mr. Turman started as a deck hand on a cattle boat.						
	thorough training received by executives who	Other concerns, while hiring relatives, try to put limits on it. "We will not hire close relatives or close friends in supervisory ca-						
	"When my first son was three months old I stood him up on the edge of a printing press	pacities without the approval of the top execu-						
1	have been literally brought up in the business. "When my first son was three monits old I stood him up on 'the edge of a printing press and he watched the sheets liap by," says Milton J. Wolk, president of Goodway Printing Co. in Philadelphia. A more detailed introduction to the business began for that '60, Beryl when each was four, says the proud father. Today Beryl is 35 and Goodway's vice president and treasurer while Donald, 33, is secre-	tive group or the company," says Harry H. Stone, an executive vice president of American Greeting Corp Cleveland greeting card firm. The top executive group includes Mr. Stone's brother, Irving, who is president; another brother, Morris, who is an executive vice president, and their father, Jacob Sapireside with a contraction of the president, and their father, Jacob Sapireside with a contraction of the president of the presi						
1	tion to the business began for that tot, Beryl J. Wolk, and his younger brother, Donald,	Stone's brother, Irving, who is president; an- other brother, Morris, who is an executive						
1		vice president, and their father, Jacob Sapir- stein, who is chairman. Harry Stone concedes the company has "made exceptions" for "two sons-in-law of Irv-						
	tary; they and their father are Goodway's only officers. Under their management Good- way sales leaped to \$5.6 million in the fiscal year ended Feb. 28, from about \$1 million as							
•	year ended Feb. 28, from about \$1 million as recently as fiscal 1957. Though many other family-run corporations	ing; one is a saseman and the other is in our purchasing department. We do feel that sons or sons-in-law should be hired as supervisors to perpetuate the family interest in the business. But I couldn't hire my brother-in-law in the company for love or money. One consider a company that products rel-Orives finds has some and that products a company that products a						
	can recite similar success stories, many out- side management experts, as well as many cor-	ness. But I couldn't hire my brother-in-law in the company for love or money."						
ı	porations, nevertheless frown on family man- agement. An officer of one investment house says that whenever his concern underwrites a	atives finds that some of the relatives are themselves critics of such a policy. Banker						
ı	stock offering for a family-owned company "going public" it tries to persuade the com-	themselves critics of such a policy. Banker Ransom Cook once worked for a bank in which his family had an interest, but quit after three months. "Things were made too easy, and it						
	pany to take outsiders into its board of direc- tors. "If a company's management is com- pletely in family control and these people don't	would have caused trouble later on," he says. "I would have gotten too good a job too soon,						
-	represent a cross-section of business, you can't expect them to do as well as a board of broader experience," he says.	and it would have created resentment on the part of others; they would have assumed there was favoritism, and they probably would have been right." Mr. Cook went to the San Fran-						
	Unintentional Nepotists?	been right." Mr. Cook went to the San Fran- cisco-headquartered Wells Fargo Bank, where						
	Critics of family management have other arguments. They say family members can rarely be completely objective in judging each	cisco-headquartered Wells Fargo Bank, where he has risen to president—and instituted a tough no-relatives rule.						
1	panies that angrily deny practicing nepotism	Socony Mobil Oil SOCONY MOBIL OIL CO. INC. and subsidiaries:						
	quite unconsciously.  Executives familiar with Douglas Aircraft	Balance sheet items as of Dec. 31:  b-1963 1962  ASSETS: b-1963 1962  ASSETS:						
200	quite unconsciously.  Executives family abut the management saling and proper family abut the management saling and proper family abut the management saling and program, Jr., who succeeds this father as president in 1857. The company insists "we, hire people on the basis of their qualifications to do the job, not on who they are related to." And at least one former Douglas director, while well savare that the com-	ASSUTE A sequip, net 52,149,023,000 2223,114,000 Carls Prp. pil & sequip, net 52,549,023,000 2223,114,000 Carls Ca						
NAME OF	insists "we hire people on the basis of their qualifications to do the job, not on who they	Materials & supplies         54,591,000         53,955,000           Investments, etc         372,606,000         346,099,000           Prepaid & deferred chgs         54,179,000         47,429,000						
0.0	are related to." And at least one former Doug- las director, while well aware that the com- pany has had some lean years under the	Total \$4,553,53,5000 \$4,138,463,000 LIABILITIES: Capital stock, \$15 par \$750,453,600 \$731,982,000 Long-term debt 428,159,000 228,179,000						
17.1	younger Douglas' management and hasn't paid a cash dividend on common stock since 1959, doesn't think this is the executive's fault.	Accounts pay, etc 591,597,600 498,722,000 Inco & other taxes pay 293,242,600 251,846,000 Long-term debt, current 17,689,000 14,896,000 Deferred credits 21,897,000 21,926,000						
	The company's "capabilities in missiles, space, aircraft design and construction under him are	Reserves   126,488,000   132,840,000   Minority interest   14,112,000   14,073,000   Capital surplus   634,616,000   630,228,000   Retained earnings   1,773,507,000   1,602,244,000						
	as good as any in the industry," this former subordinate says.	Deduct treasury stock 2-2018,000 483,000 Total \$4,659,543,000 34,136,463,000 a-Represents 29,947 shares b-includes accounts of						
	But others insist a better choice could have been found for the Douglas presidency. Mr. Douglas "doesn't have his father's financial acumen," says a former long-time Douglas of-	1963.						
2000								
101-01	Junior and ramerous new titles with no validity at all." And a Los Angeles management consultant says "Douglas Junior doesn" dig deep enough into problems and doesn't it gate the second and third layers of manage-	Dec. 31:   1963   1962   1961   3   1962   1961   3   1962   1961   3   1962   1961   3   1962   1961   3   1962						
188	deep enough into problems and doesn't i ti- gate the second and third layers of manage- ment. He doesn't know how the nuts and bolts	Dec. 31: 1962 1962 3 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 2 1962 4 1962 4 2 1962 4 1962 4 2 1962 4 1962						
	of relatives say promotion of relatives	Earned surplus 8,288,237 6,781,312 5,66 Pd. stk. valuation 5,470,000 5,470,000 3,4 Common Shares, \$1 par 1,882,737 1,172,255 1,17.						
100	Tan hurt company morale. Clayton L. It-bord concedes other officers of Amécan Photocopy Equipment Co. displayed "some re- sentment" when he succeeded his father as president a year ago at the age of 35.	a-After reserve for depreciation.  Baxter Laboratories						
	sentment" when he succeeded his father as president a year ago at the age of 35.	BAXTER LABORATORIES, INC., and subsidiaries: Balance sheet items as of Dec. 31: 1963 1962 1961						
	But Mr. Rautbord says his promotion prompted only one or two resignations, or "no	Balance sheet items as of Dec. 31: 1963 1962 1961  Cash \$4,009,697 \$3,582,837 \$2,535,246  Inventories 18,643,299 13,811,617 8,932,142  Current assets 30,449,661 24,496,-248 17,272,298						

	Nevada Power			
	NEVADA POWER CO	: Balan	ce sheet	items as
	Dec. 31:			1961
•		1963	1962	
ħ.	a-Total assets\$	70,987,745	\$51,463,23	1 \$47,281,7
	a-Electric plant	63,707,961	46,747,33	43,15
•	Cash	1,378,109	840.85	2 9
	Temp, cash invest,	1,496,477	347.61	1
		5,843,284	3,439,36	7 3.0447
-	Current liabilities	7,656,859	4.816.71	8 4,119,9
2	Long-term debt		20,191,00	



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